

Pravara Medical Trust's

**Arts, Commerce and Science College, Shevgaon.**

**Department of Political Science**

**Programs offered: B.A. Political Science (Credit Pattern)**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Program</b>	<b>Program Objective</b>	<b>Program Specific Objectives</b>
<b>01</b>	<b>B.A. Political Science</b>	<p>The main aim of teaching Political science is to help individuals develop into responsible, critical, reflective and productive citizens. Students will be able to develop a critical understanding about the nature and philosophy of political science and its interface with Society.</p>	<p>To increase awareness of career options available with an undergraduate degree in political science; its utility in the public and private sectors; and its value as entry into a range of graduate programs, teaching positions, and legal education</p>

## Courses offered

Sr. No.	Course	Course Outcomes
01	<b>F.Y.B.A. Politics 2019 (11016) SEM-I</b>	<p>a) .To introduces the students to the basic concepts in Indian Politics.</p> <p>b). To introduce latest concepts in Indian Politics.</p> <p>c) It emphasizes on local influence that derives from social stratification of cast, religion, and ethic and critically assesses its impact on the political Process.</p> <p>d). To Introduced the students legislative Council, Executive Council, Judiciary Council.</p>
02	<b>F.Y.B.A. Politics 2019 II (11016) SEM-II</b>	<p>a) To acquaint students with the important features of the Constitution of India.</p> <p>b) The basic framework of Indian government.</p> <p>c) To familiarize students with the working of the Constitution of India.</p>
03	<b>F.Y.B.A. Democracy, Election and Governance (22999)</b>	<p>a) TO analyze Political and policy Problems and formulate policy options.</p> <p>b) Deliver thoughtful and well. Articulated Presentations of research findings.</p> <p>c) Use Library Search tools to identify scholar articles on country –specific government institutions in a nation state other than .</p>
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Course</b>	Course Outcomes

<p><b>04</b></p>	<p><b>S.Y.B.A. An Introduction To Political Ideology (23163) SEM-III</b></p>	<p>a) Important sub themes of Political Science as a discipline</p> <p>b) Approaches to study Political Science</p> <p>c) Basic Concepts and Values in Political Science</p>
<p><b>05</b></p>	<p><b>S.Y.B.A. An Introduction To Political Ideology (23163) SEM-IV</b></p>	<p>a) To introduce the students to the system's Analysis, structural Functionalism.</p> <p>b) To understand the nature and scope of political Theory.</p> <p>c) Students will develop on understanding of core political science concepts and theories within multiple disciplinary.</p> <p>d). Critique a contemporary conflict in terms of the theories and concepts exposed to in ice course.</p>
<p><b>06</b></p>	<p><b>Semester III DSE-1A (3) WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT( 23161)</b></p>	<p>a) Major traditions of thought that have shaped political discourse in different parts of the world.</p> <p>b) The great diversity of social contexts and philosophical visions.</p> <p>c) The history of political thought as a series of critical, interconnected and open-ended conversations About the ends and means of the good life.</p>

07	<b>Semester IV DSE-1B (3) WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT( 24161)</b>	<p><b>a)</b> This Course examines major texts in the history of Political thought.</p> <p><b>b)</b> In this course, we examine major texts in western political thought.</p> <p><b>c)</b> To understand the relationship between religion and politics in early modern western.</p>
08	<b>Semester III DSE-2A (3) POLITICAL JOURNALISM( 23162)</b>	<p>a). Complex relationship between the communication, media and power politics.</p> <p>b). Critical appraisal of practices of political image management, campaigns, propaganda and censorship.</p> <p>c). Indian context of political Journalism</p>
09	<b>Semester IV DSE-2B (3) POLITICAL JOURNALISM( 24162)</b>	<p>a) Critical appraisal of practices of political image management, campaigns, propaganda and censorship.</p> <p>b) Indian context of political Journalism.</p> <p>.c) Complex relationship between the communication, media and power politics.</p>
10	<b>Semester III SEC 2A (2) BASICS OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION (23165)</b>	<p>a) To acquaint students with the important features of the Constitution of India and with the basic framework of Indian government.</p> <p>d) To familiarize students with the working of the Constitution of India.</p> <p>c) TO Understand and analysis federalism in the Indian Constitution.</p> <p><b>d).</b>Analyze Panchayat raj Institutions as a medium Of Decentralization.</p>
11	<b>Semester IV SEC 2B (2) BASICS OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION (24165)</b>	<p>a) To understand the stricter and composition of Indian Constitution. .</p> <p><b>b)</b> To understand the emergence and evolution of Indian.</p> <p>c) This paper focuses in detail on the political</p>

		Processes and the actual functioning of the Political System.
12	<b>Semester VI CC-2 E (3) LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT IN MAHARASHTRA (35163)</b>	a) To introduce the students the structure of Local Self Government b) To make students aware about composition, power and functions of local bodies
13	<b>Semester VI CC-2 E (4) LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT IN MAHARASHTRA (36163)</b>	a) To make students aware about composition, power and functions of local bodies b) To introduce the students the structure of Local Self Government.
14	<b>Semester V DSE 1 C (3)+1 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (35161)</b>	a) This paper is an introductory course in Public Administration. b) The essence of Public Administration lies in its effectiveness in translating the governing philosophy into programmes, policies and activities and making it a part of community living
15	<b>Semester VI DSE 1 D (3)+1 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ( 36161)</b>	a) The recent developments and particularly the emergence of New Public Administrations are incorporated within the larger paradigm of democratic legitimacy. b) The importance of legislative and judicial control over administration is also highlighted
16	<b>Semester V DSE 2 C (3)+1 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS ( 35162)</b>	a) This paper deals with concepts and dimensions of International Relations and makes an analysis of different theories highlighting the major debates and differences within the Different theoretical paradigms.

17	<b>Semester VI DSE 2 D (3)+1 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS</b>	a) The dominant theories of power and the question of equity and justice, the different aspects of balance of power leading to the present situation of a Unipolar world are included.
18	<b>Semester V SEC 2C (2) SAMYUKTA MAHARASHTRA MOVEMENT ( 35164)</b>	a) This Course is an introduction to the political process in Maharashtra with special Reference to regionalism sub-regionalism and Samyukta Maharashtra Movement.  b) The aim of the course is that students are expected to understand both the historical Evolution of Maharashtra's politics and different analyses of politics of the state.
19	<b>Semester VI SEC 2D (2) SAMYUKTA MAHARASHTRA MOVEMENT</b>	a)It tries to acquaint students with the main issues and concerns in the public life of a regional society as it shaped in the concept of colonialism, nationalism and modernity

## Department of Political Science

### Attainment

In the context of a **Political Science** program, Program Outcome (PO) and Course Outcome (CO) Attainment serve similar purposes as they do in engineering and other disciplines. They are used to measure the effectiveness of the curriculum in achieving the educational goals set for the program and individual courses. Here's how this might look in a Political Science program:

#### ➤ 3. Attainment of Program Outcomes and Course Outcomes

The attainment process in Political Science involves assessing whether students have achieved the intended POs and COs. The steps generally include:

- **Mapping COs to POs:** Each CO is mapped to one or more POs, indicating the relationship between course-specific objectives and the program's overall goals.
- **Assessment Tools:** Tools such as essays, exams, research papers, presentations, debates, and case studies are used to assess the COs.
- **Performance Indicators:** Specific metrics like grades, rubric scores, and peer evaluations are used to evaluate students' attainment of each CO.
- **Calculation of Attainment:** The attainment of each CO is calculated based on student performance. For instance, if a research paper is used to assess CO2 (related to research skills), the average score of students on this paper could determine CO2 attainment.

**PO Attainment:** PO attainment is evaluated by aggregating CO attainment data across courses. For example, if multiple courses contribute to the "Analytical Thinking" PO, their combined CO attainment results will determine how well this PO is being achieved across the program.

Attainment in political science refers to the level of understanding and mastery that a student achieves in the field of political science. It typically includes various aspects such as:

- **Knowledge of Key Concepts:** Understanding foundational ideas like democracy, power, governance, political ideologies, and institutions.
- **Critical Thinking:** Ability to analyze and critique political systems, policies, and theories. This includes evaluating the effectiveness of government policies or comparing different political ideologies.
- **Application of Theories:** The ability to apply political science theories to real-world scenarios, such as interpreting the behaviour of states in international relations or assessing the impact of political decisions on society.

- **Research Skills:** Proficiency in conducting research, which involves gathering, analyzing, and interpreting data related to political phenomena. This includes the use of both qualitative and quantitative methods.